

Managing Legacy Phosphorus to Sustain Agriculture and Protect Water Quality

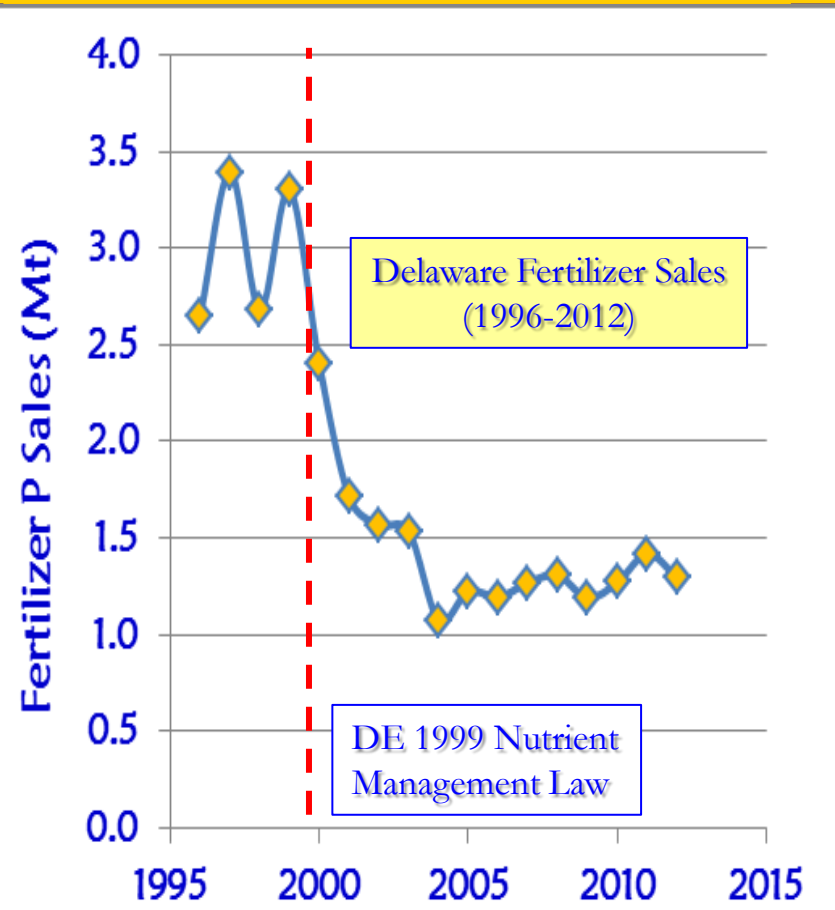
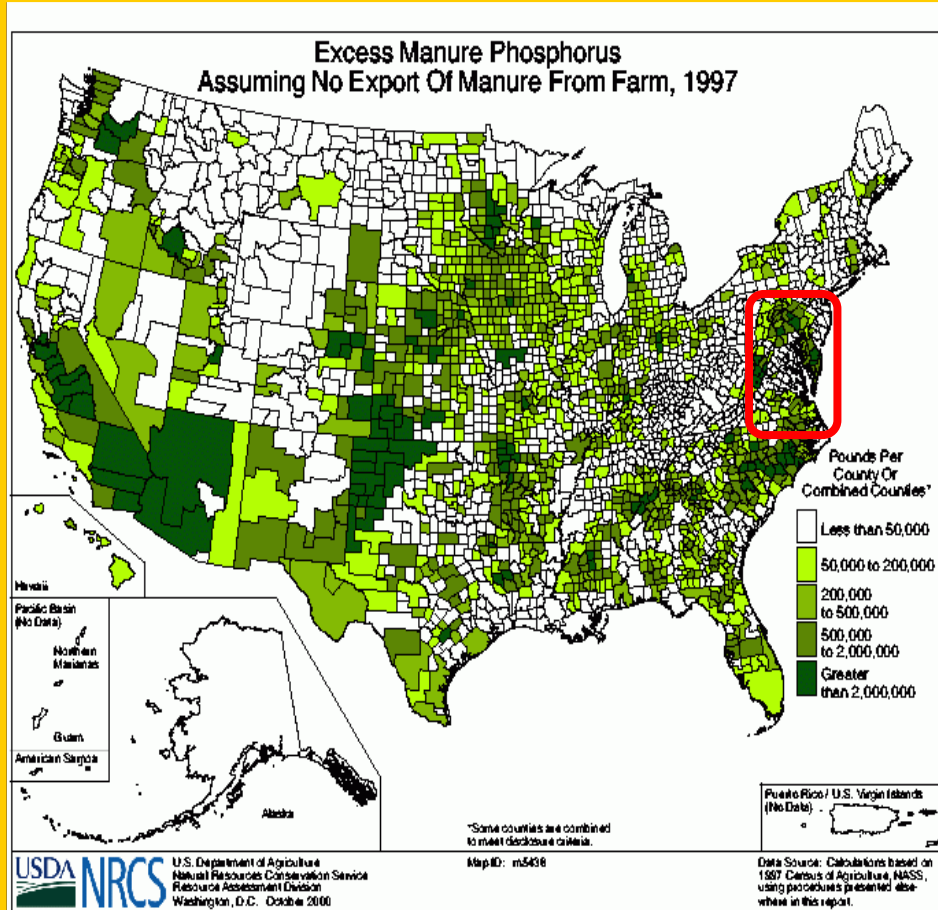
Tom Sims, University of Delaware, USA

Paul Murphy and David Wall, Teagasc, Ireland

Richard McDowell, AgResearch, New Zealand

Agriculture and “Legacy Phosphorus”

Phosphorus that has accumulated in soils to values that are of concern for water quality and agricultural sustainability - from historic applications of inorganic fertilizers and organic residuals (manures, biosolids composts...)



Driving Forces to Address the Legacy P Challenge

◆ Environment (water quality):

- ✓ increasing regulation of P (TMDLs)
- ✓ growing pressure to eliminate P Index, replace with STP as regulatory tool

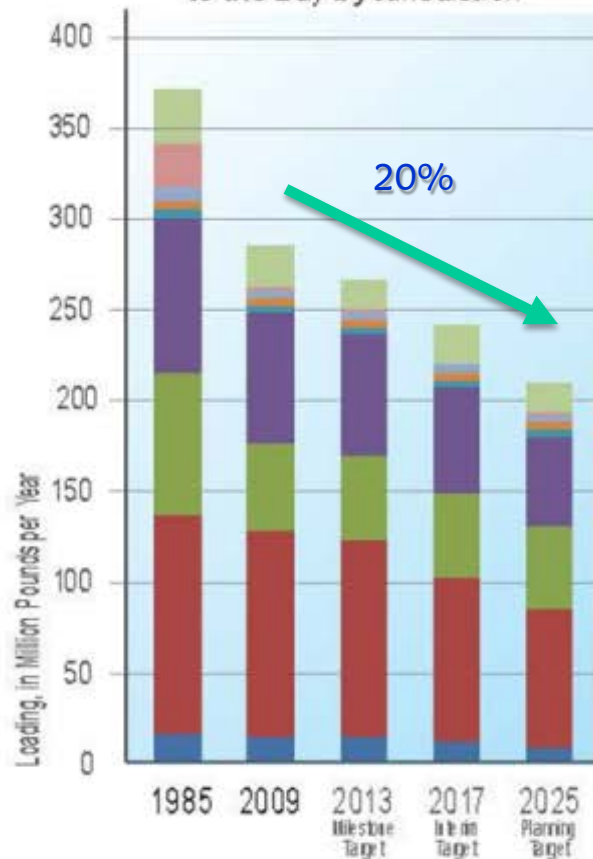
◆ Food security:

- ✓ Agricultural profitability/sustainability
- ✓ Natural resource utilization (“peak P”)

Total Maximum Daily Loads (TMDLs) Chesapeake Bay, USA – 2025 Goals

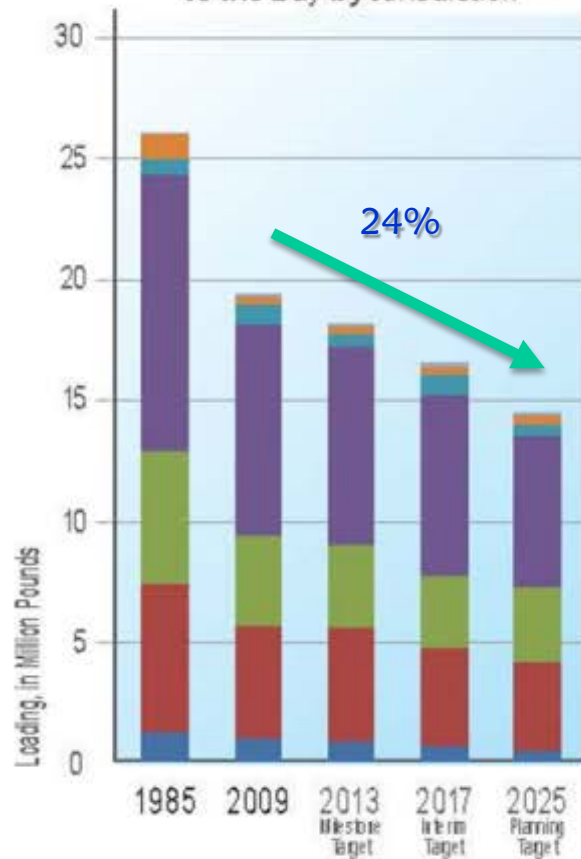
Nitrogen

Simulated Nitrogen Loads Delivered to the Bay by Jurisdiction*



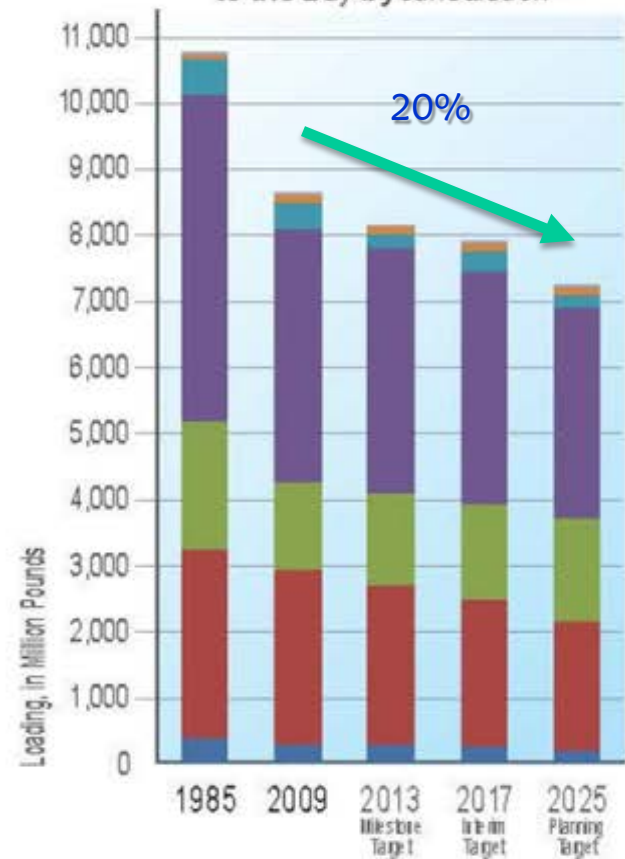
Phosphorus

Simulated Phosphorus Loads Delivered to the Bay by Jurisdiction*



Sediment

Simulated Sediment Loads Delivered to the Bay by Jurisdiction*



EPA: Atmospheric Deposition to Tidal Water

Maryland

District of Columbia

EPA: Atmospheric Deposition to Watershed

Delaware

New York

West Virginia

Pennsylvania

Virginia

* Loads simulated using 5.3.2 version of Watershed Model and wastewater discharge data report by Bay jurisdictions.

Legacy P and Water Quality -Delaware

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Written by
Jeremy Cox
Staff Writer

SALISBURY — It's Delmarva's version of the circle of life.

Farmers grow corn and soybeans to feed their chickens. The birds, in turn, create the manure that fertilizes the corn and soybeans.

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Our Nutrient World

The challenge to produce more food and energy with less pollution

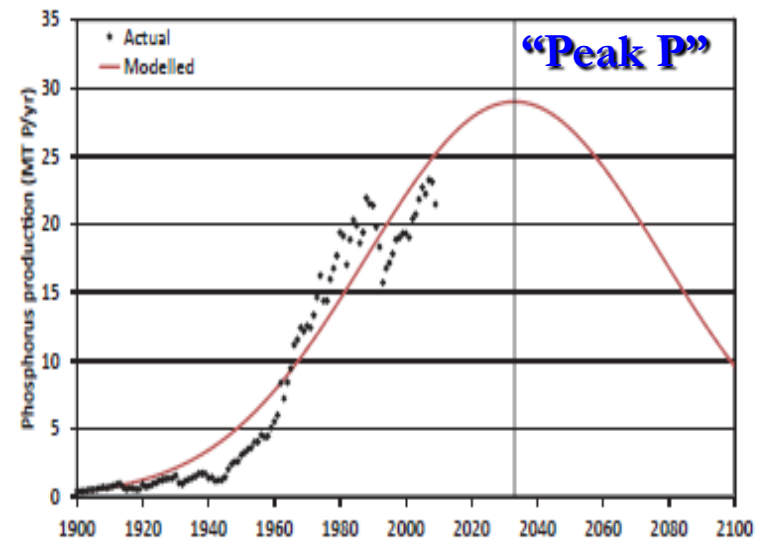


(Sutton et al., 2013)

Prepared by the Global Partnership on Nutrient Management
in collaboration with the International Nitrogen Initiative

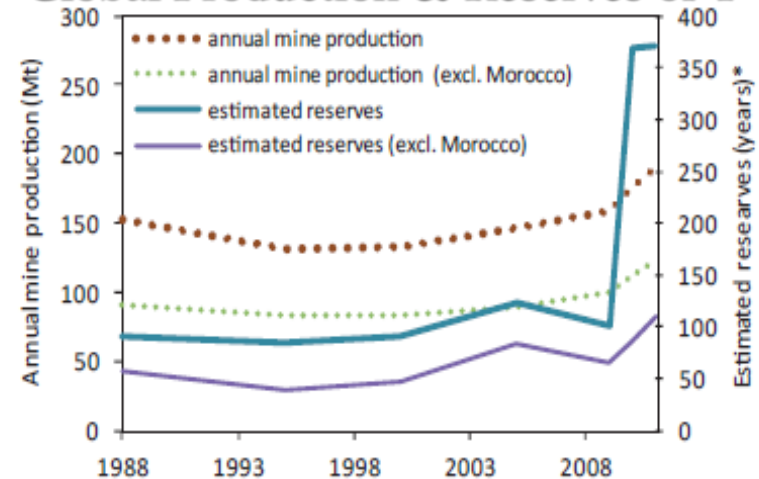
Global Overview on Nutrient Management

UNEP Global Partnership
Nutrient Management, 2013



(Cordell et al, 2009)

Global Production & Reserves of P



(Scholz and Wellmer, 2013)

Management/Remediation Options for Legacy Phosphorus

Option #1:

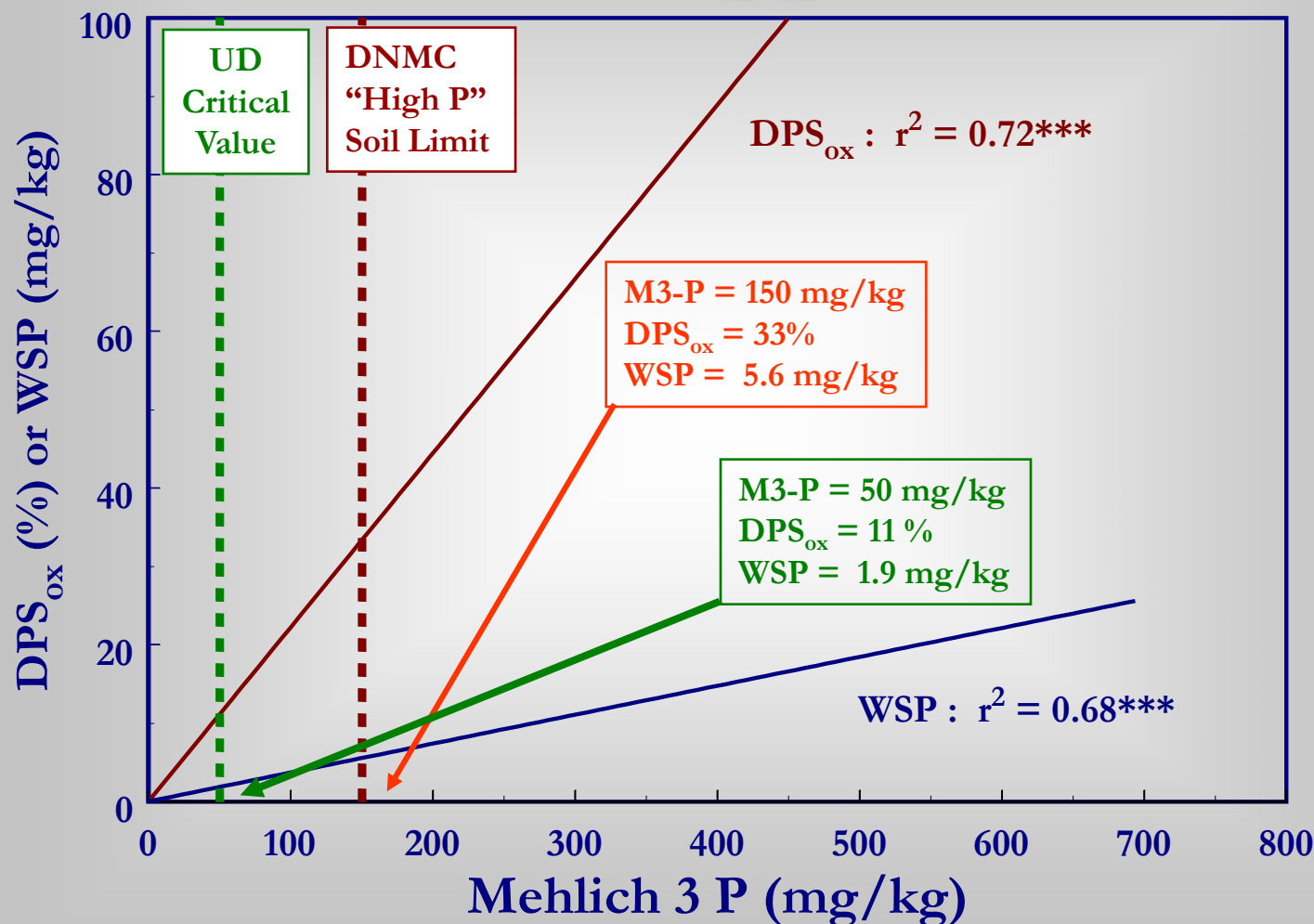
Cease P applications to “high P” soils, rely on crop removal to slowly deplete “soil P” to acceptable values. Use conservation practices to minimize soil loss, and:

- ✓ Establish soil P criteria for problem/success
- ✓ Quantify timelines to achieve success, as function of soil type, cropping systems...
- ✓ Focus incentives and/or mandates that foster soil P depletion on high P loss areas

Criteria for Success

- ◆ Agronomic: clear scientific consensus on soil P values needed for economically optimum crop production, with low environmental risk
- ◆ Environmental: continue to be mixed views (scientific, regulatory) on best use of soil P criteria to assess risk of P loss to water
 - ✓ Approaches:
 - “Soil test” P (upper limit; e.g., DE = 150 mg M3P/kg)
 - “Soil P saturation” (threshold %)
 - Water soluble P (critical values?)
 - “P Site Index” (site, transport, soil, management)

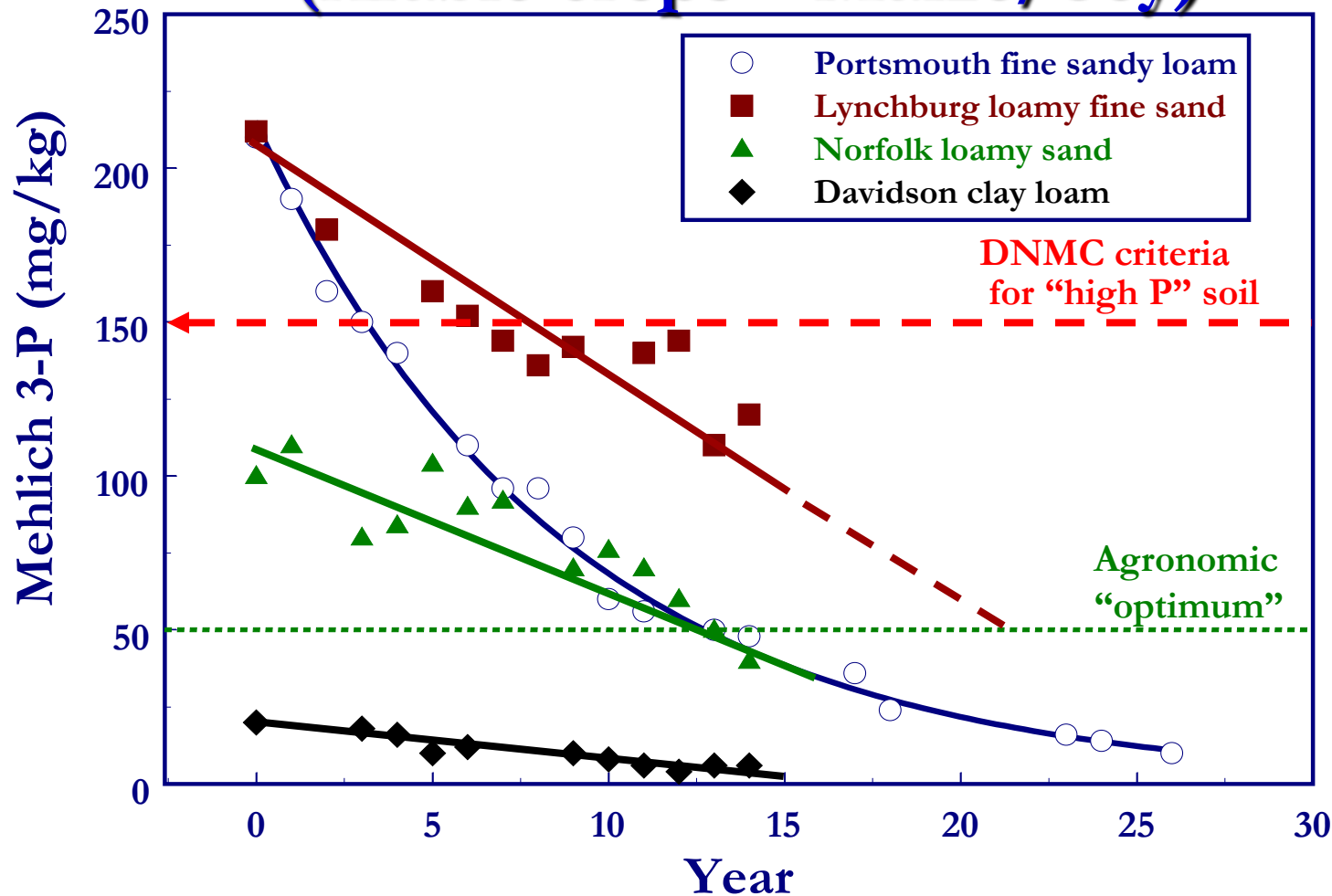
Cease P Applications ?



(Sims et al, 2000; n=465)

Cease P Applications ?

(Arable crops – Maize/Soy)



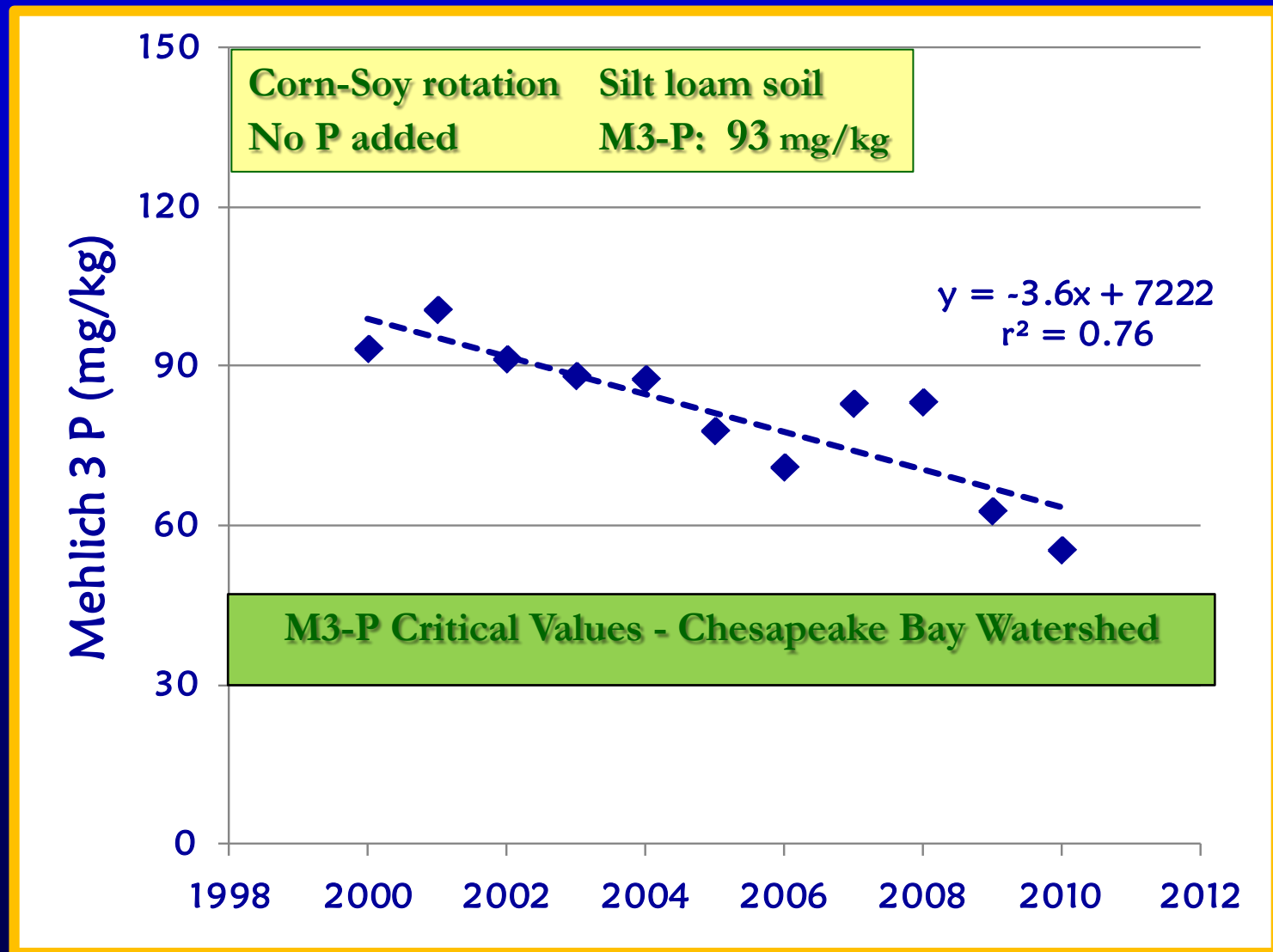
Soil P depletion slopes based on 14 and 30 year NC field studies with maize and soy.
Average annual crop P removal of ~ 15 kg P/ha/yr. (Kamprath, 1999; McCollum, 1991)



Cease P
Applications?

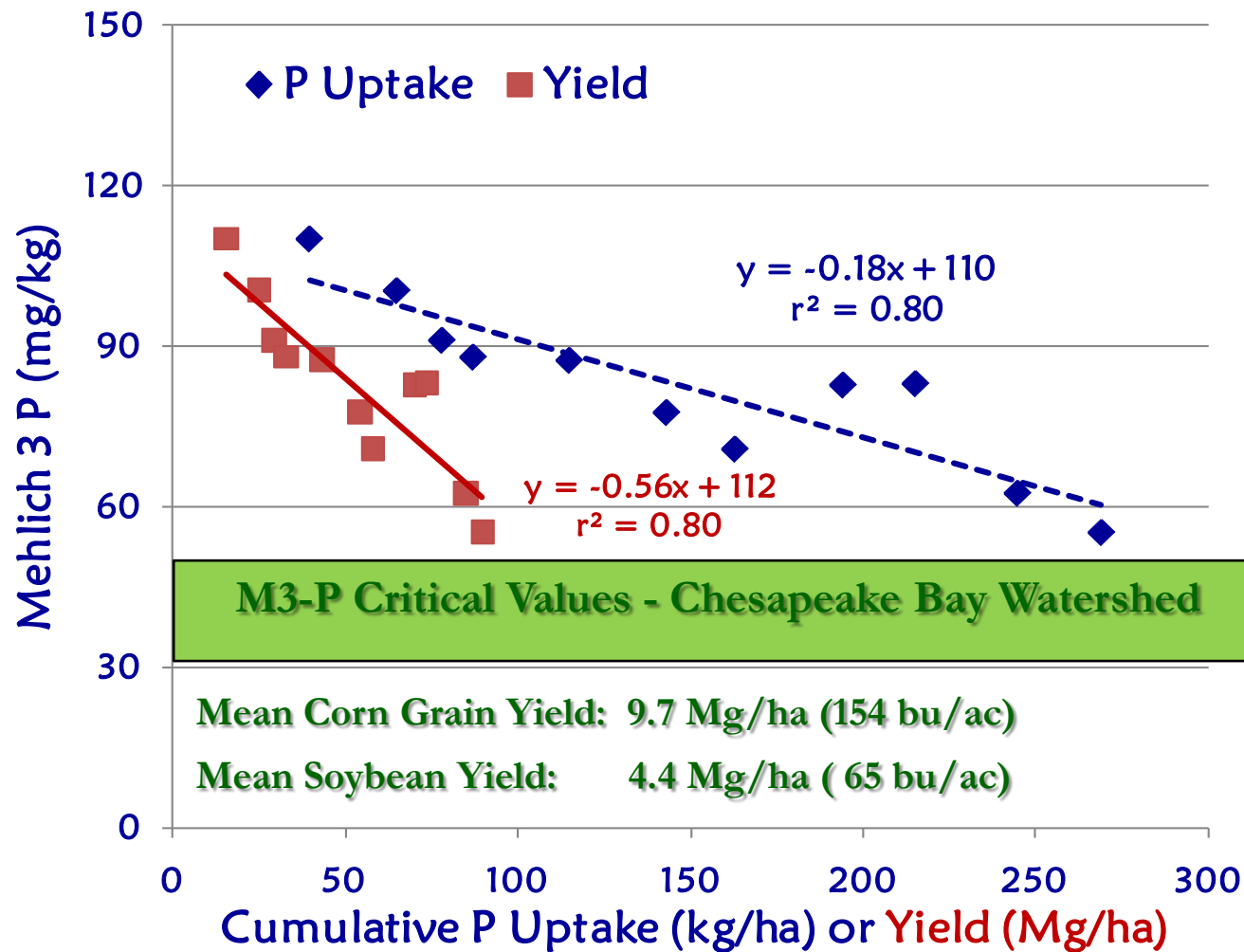
Managing Legacy Soil Phosphorus in Irish Grassland Soils (Murphy et al., 2013)

UD “Long-Term” STP Depletion Studies



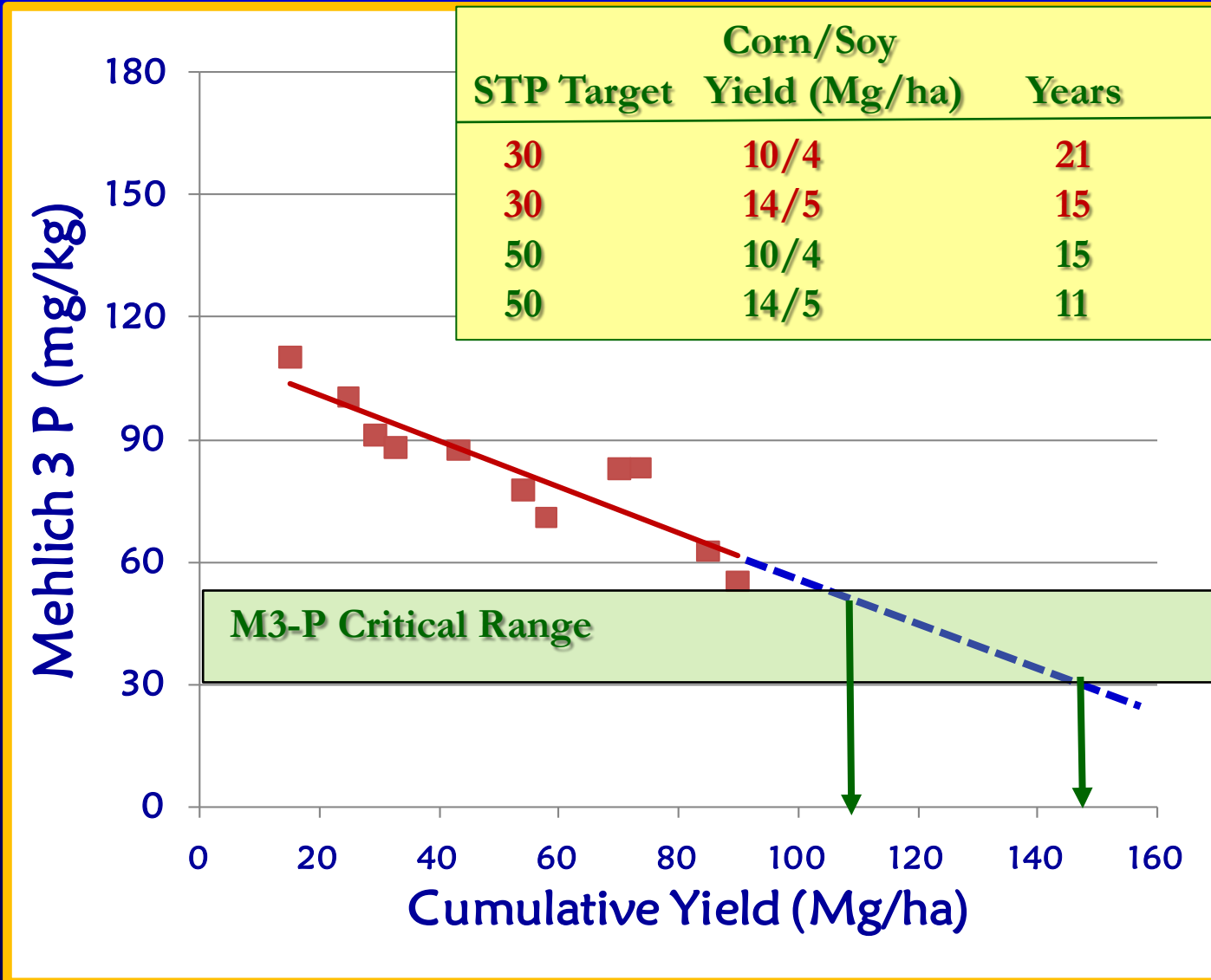
Binford, et al., in preparation, 2013

UD “Long-Term” STP Depletion Studies



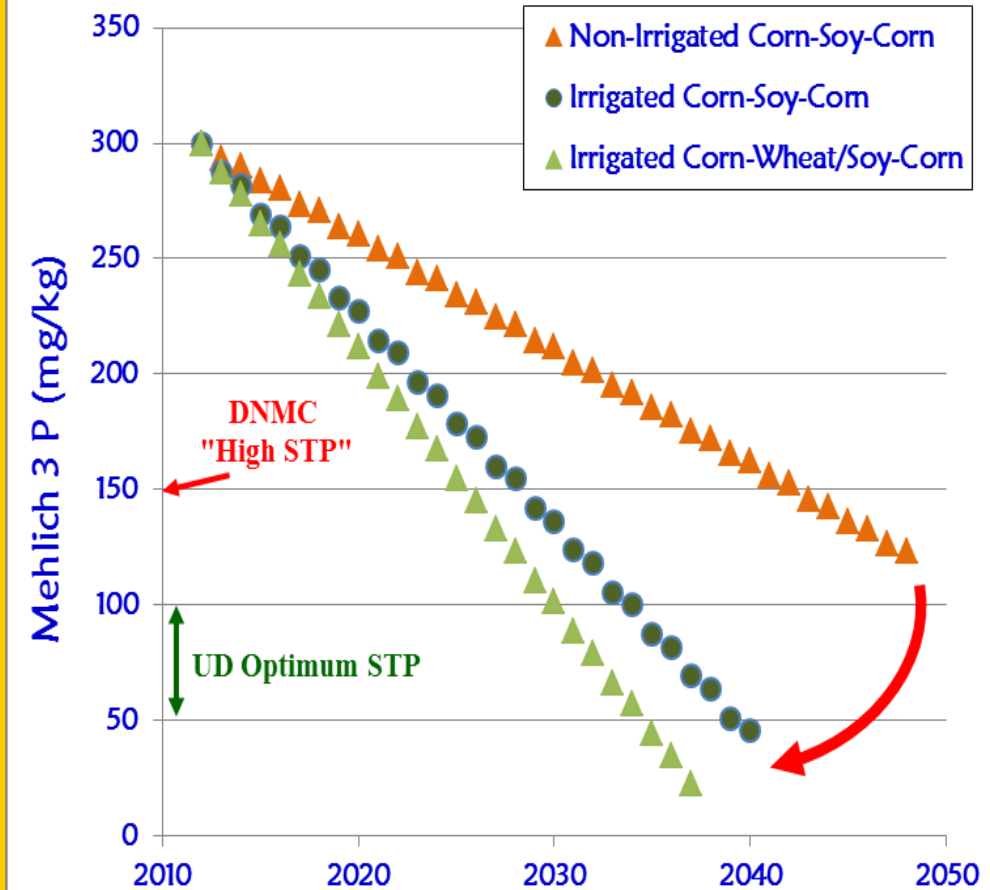
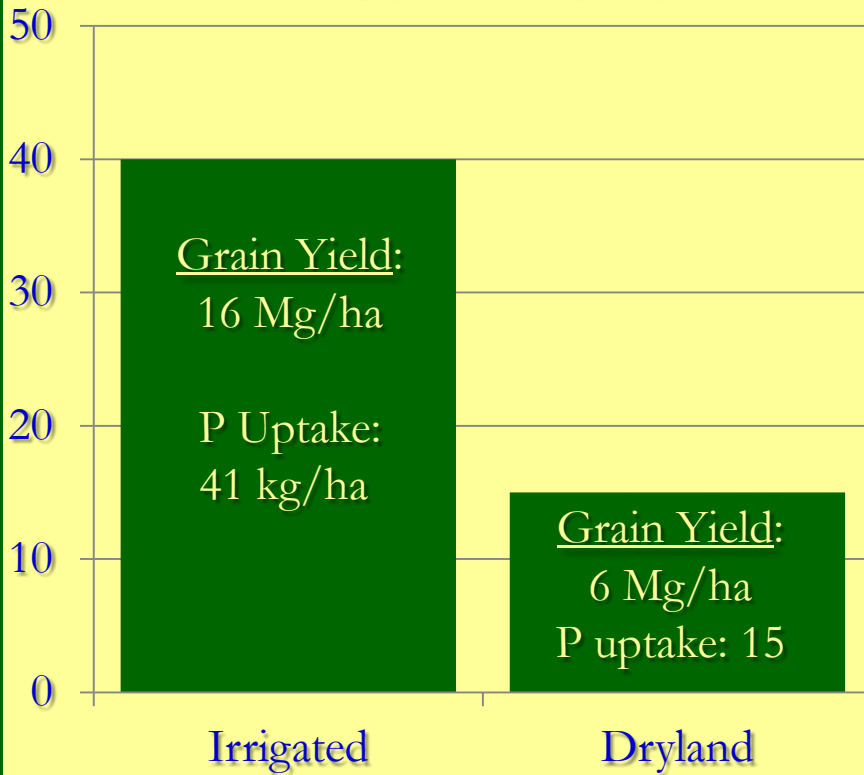
Binford, et al., in preparation, 2013

UD “Long-Term” STP Depletion Studies



Binford, et al., in preparation, 2011

Annual Corn P Removal

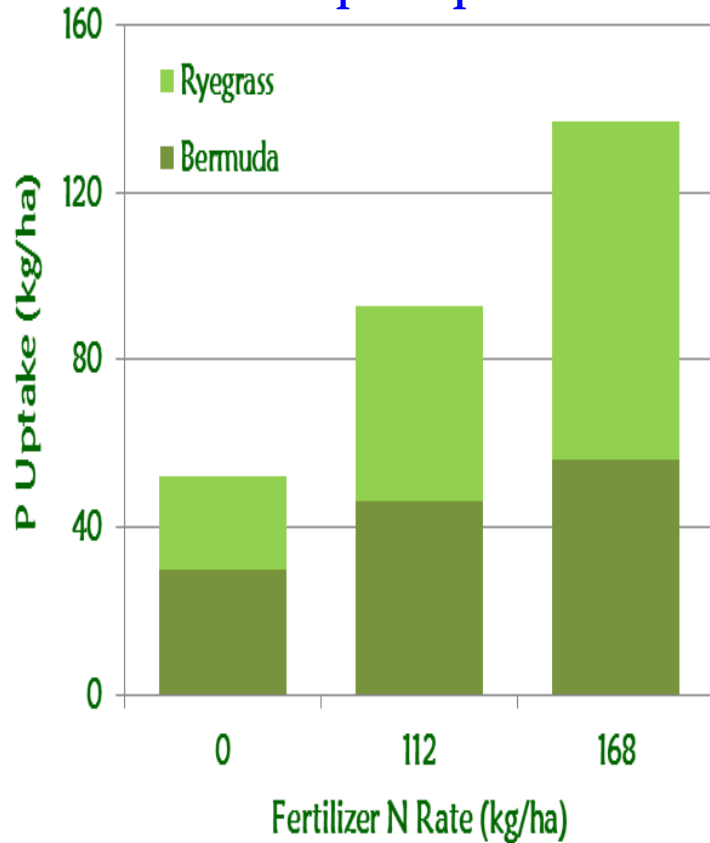


Efficient Irrigated Crop Management Systems

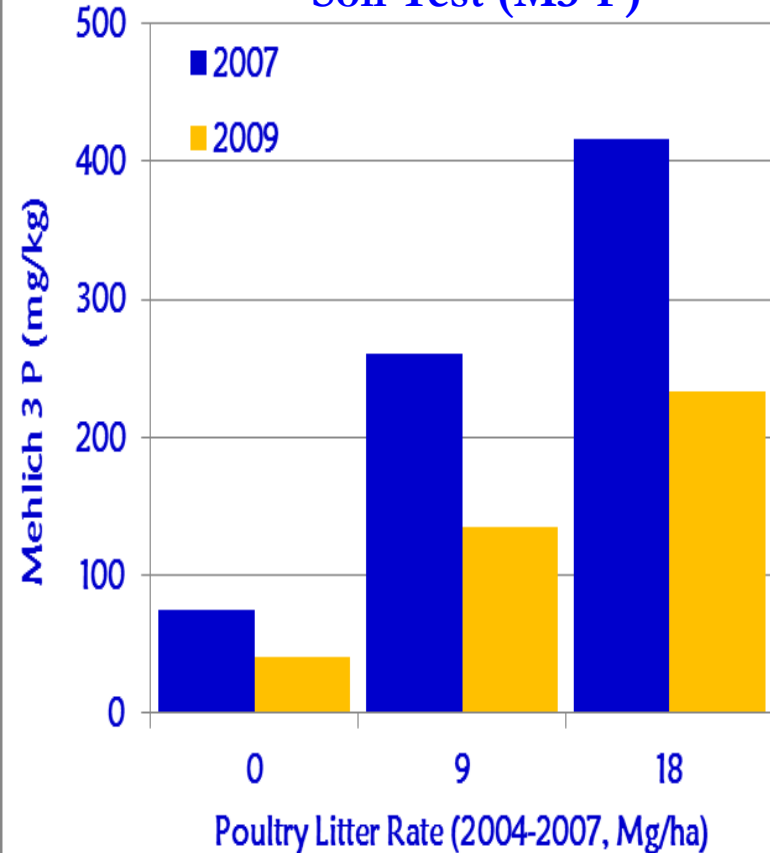
- ✓ Stabilize crop yields, increase farm income
- ✓ Increase nutrient uptake (N, P)
- ✓ Intercept and use groundwater nitrate
- ✓ Build soil organic matter (sequester carbon?)

Managing Ryegrass-Bermudagrass to Phytoremediate High P Soils

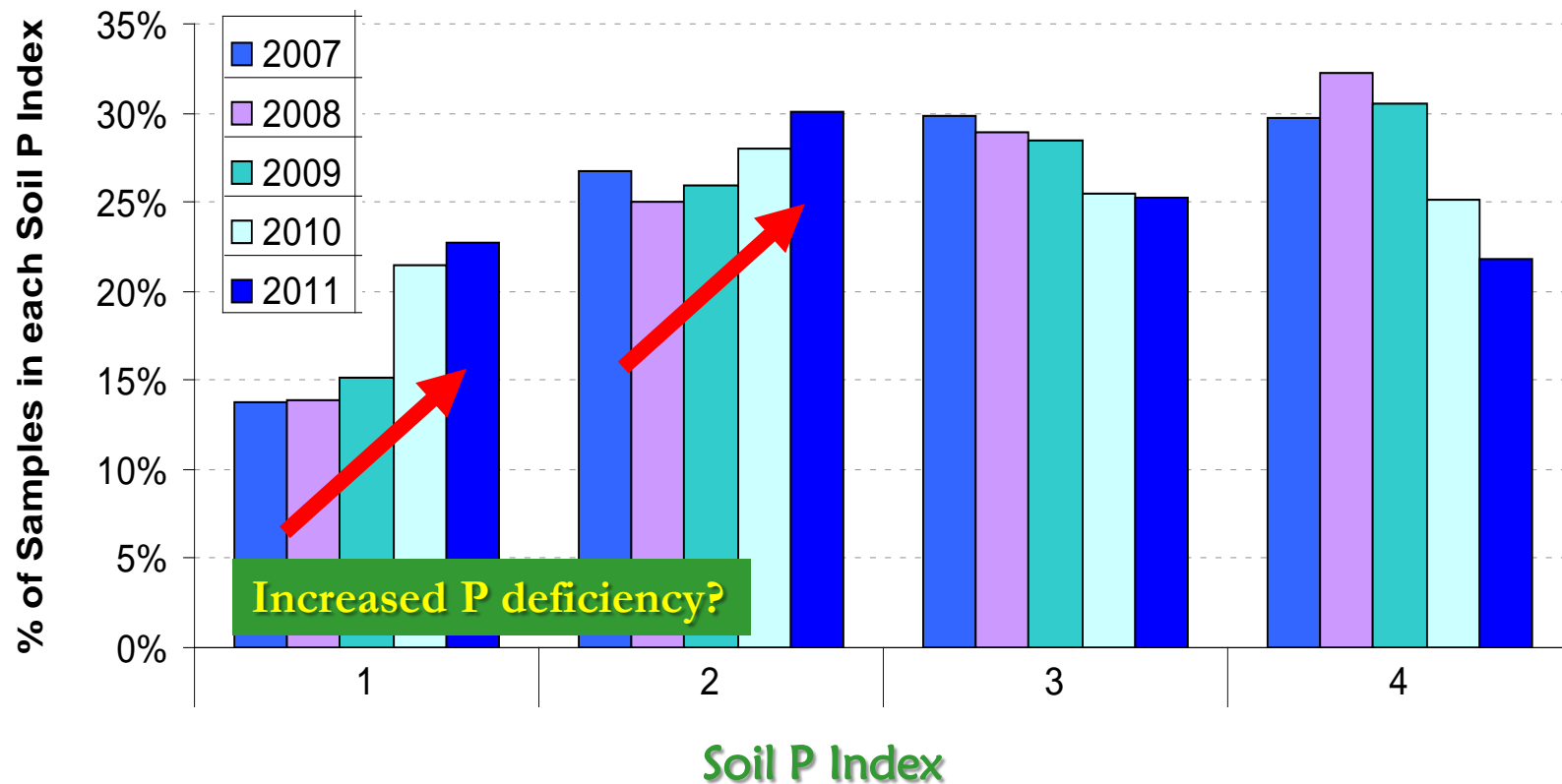
Crop P Uptake



Soil Test (M3-P)



Environmental Policy Impacting Agricultural Sustainability?



(4 = >8 mg/l Morgans P for grassland soils and is considered in excess of agronomic optimum and at greater risk of P loss to water)

Trends in soil P status in Ireland between 2007 and 2011
(for soils from commercial farms submitted to Teagasc for analysis).

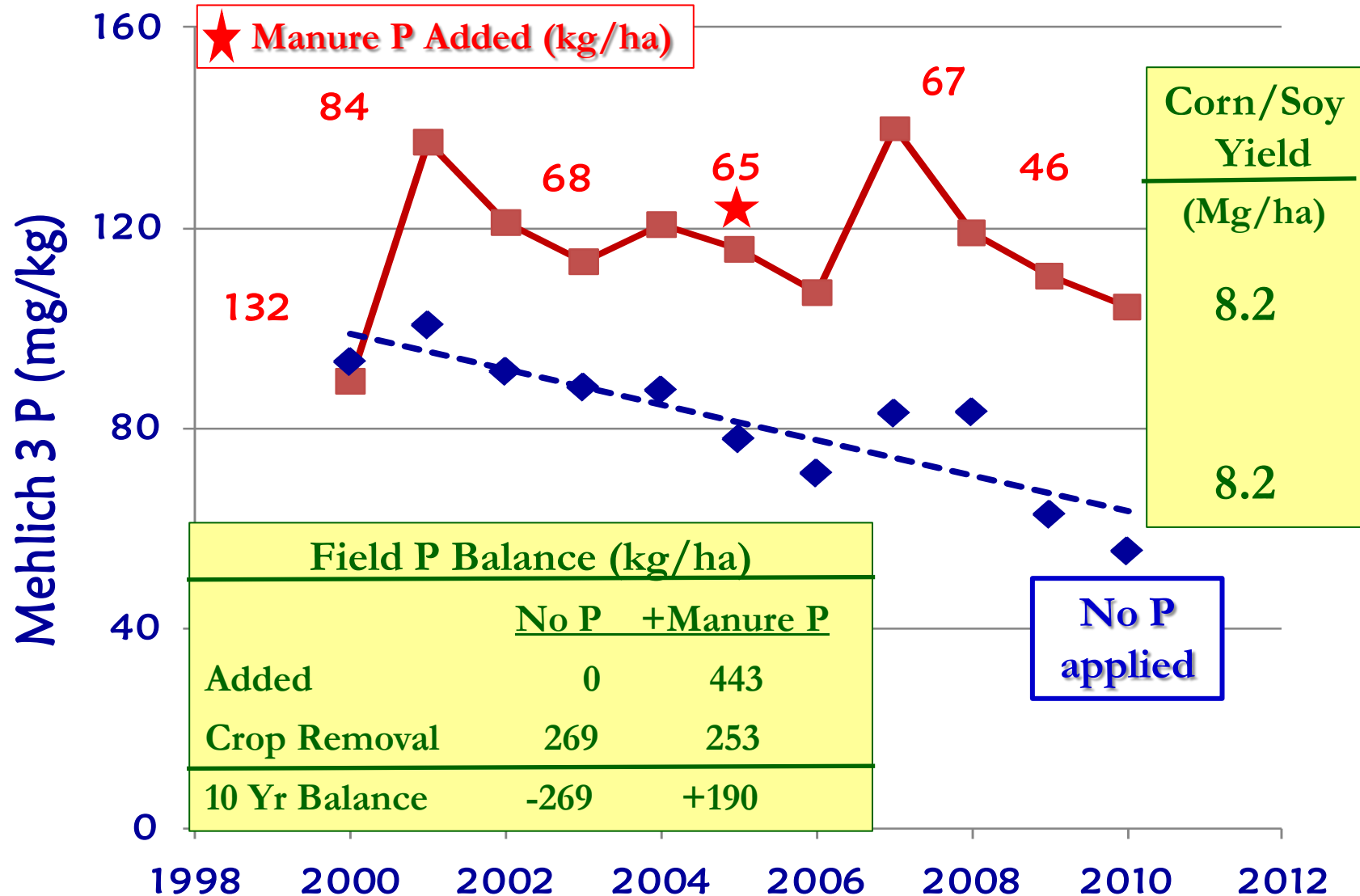
Management/Remediation Options for Legacy Phosphorus

Option #2:

Continue with “unavoidable” P applications to cropland (manures, biosolids), manage risks associated with all P sources and P transport to water



UD “Long-Term” STP Depletion Studies



Conclusions

- ◆ Legacy P in soils presents a long-term (decades?) risk to water quality and agricultural sustainability, especially for animal-based agriculture
- ◆ Science-informed strategies to manage legacy P can – and should - be developed and systematically implemented that sustain (increase?) agricultural profitability and reduce water quality impacts
- ◆ SERA-17 will undertake, in 2014, a systematic review – on legacy P management, including potential action items – and encourages your input into our efforts (contact jtsims@udel.edu)!